

# $\Upsilon(3S)$

$I^G(J^{PC}) = 0^-(1^{--})$

## $\Upsilon(3S)$ MASS

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>10355.2±0.5</b>	<sup>1</sup> ARTAMONOV 00	MD1	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
<b>• • •</b> We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. <b>• • •</b>			
10355.3±0.5	<sup>2,3</sup> BARU	86B REDE	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
<sup>1</sup> Reanalysis of BARU 86B using new electron mass (COHEN 87).			
<sup>2</sup> Reanalysis of ARTAMONOV 84.			
<sup>3</sup> Superseded by ARTAMONOV 00.			

## $m_{\Upsilon(3S)} - m_{\Upsilon(2S)}$

VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>331.50±0.02±0.13</b>	LEES	11C BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- X$

## $\Upsilon(3S)$ WIDTH

VALUE (keV)	DOCUMENT ID	COMMENT
<b>20.32±1.85 OUR EVALUATION</b>	See the Note on "Width Determinations of the $\Upsilon$ States"	

## $\Upsilon(3S)$ DECAY MODES

Mode	Fraction ( $\Gamma_i/\Gamma$ )	Scale factor/ Confidence level
$\Gamma_1 \Upsilon(2S)$ anything	(10.6 ± 0.8) %	
$\Gamma_2 \Upsilon(2S)\pi^+\pi^-$	( 2.82 ± 0.18) %	S=1.6
$\Gamma_3 \Upsilon(2S)\pi^0\pi^0$	( 1.85 ± 0.14) %	
$\Gamma_4 \Upsilon(2S)\gamma\gamma$	( 5.0 ± 0.7 ) %	
$\Gamma_5 \Upsilon(2S)\pi^0$	< 5.1 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	CL=90%
$\Gamma_6 \Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-$	( 4.37 ± 0.08) %	
$\Gamma_7 \Upsilon(1S)\pi^0\pi^0$	( 2.20 ± 0.13) %	
$\Gamma_8 \Upsilon(1S)\eta$	< 1 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	CL=90%
$\Gamma_9 \Upsilon(1S)\pi^0$	< 7 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{10} h_b(1P)\pi^0$	< 1.2 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{11} h_b(1P)\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\eta_b(1S)\pi^0$	( 4.3 ± 1.4 ) × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	
$\Gamma_{12} h_b(1P)\pi^+\pi^-$	< 1.2 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{13} \tau^+\tau^-$	( 2.29 ± 0.30) %	
$\Gamma_{14} \mu^+\mu^-$	( 2.18 ± 0.21) %	S=2.1
$\Gamma_{15} e^+e^-$	( 2.18 ± 0.20) %	
$\Gamma_{16}$ hadrons	(93 ± 12) %	
$\Gamma_{17} ggg$	(35.7 ± 2.6) %	
$\Gamma_{18} \gamma gg$	( 9.7 ± 1.8 ) × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
$\Gamma_{19} \frac{1}{2}H$ anything	( 2.33 ± 0.33 ) × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	

**Radiative decays**

$\Gamma_{20}$	$\gamma\chi_{b2}(2P)$	(13.1 $\pm$ 1.6 ) %	S=3.4
$\Gamma_{21}$	$\gamma\chi_{b1}(2P)$	(12.6 $\pm$ 1.2 ) %	S=2.4
$\Gamma_{22}$	$\gamma\chi_{b0}(2P)$	( 5.9 $\pm$ 0.6 ) %	S=1.4
$\Gamma_{23}$	$\gamma\chi_{b2}(1P)$	(10.0 $\pm$ 1.0 ) $\times 10^{-3}$	S=1.7
$\Gamma_{24}$	$\gamma\chi_{b1}(1P)$	( 9 $\pm$ 5 ) $\times 10^{-4}$	S=1.8
$\Gamma_{25}$	$\gamma\chi_{b0}(1P)$	( 2.7 $\pm$ 0.4 ) $\times 10^{-3}$	
$\Gamma_{26}$	$\gamma\eta_b(2S)$	< 6.2 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{27}$	$\gamma\eta_b(1S)$	( 5.1 $\pm$ 0.7 ) $\times 10^{-4}$	
$\Gamma_{28}$	$\gamma A^0 \rightarrow \gamma$ hadrons	< 8 $\times 10^{-5}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{29}$	$\gamma X \rightarrow \gamma + \geq 4$ prongs	[a] < 2.2 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=95%
$\Gamma_{30}$	$\gamma a_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma\mu^+\mu^-$	< 5.5 $\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{31}$	$\gamma a_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma\tau^+\tau^-$	[b] < 1.6 $\times 10^{-4}$	CL=90%

**Lepton Family number (*LF*) violating modes**

$\Gamma_{32}$	$e^\pm\tau^\mp$	<i>LF</i>	< 4.2	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%
$\Gamma_{33}$	$\mu^\pm\tau^\mp$	<i>LF</i>	< 3.1	$\times 10^{-6}$	CL=90%

[a] 1.5 GeV  $< m_X <$  5.0 GeV[b] For  $m_{\tau^+\tau^-}$  in the ranges 4.03–9.52 and 9.61–10.10 GeV. **$\Upsilon(3S) \Gamma(i)\Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma(\text{total})$** 

$\Gamma(\text{hadrons}) \times \Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_{16}\Gamma_{15}/\Gamma$			
VALUE (keV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<b>0.414±0.007 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.413±0.004±0.006	ROSNER	06	CLEO	$10.4 e^+e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons
0.45 ± 0.03 ± 0.03	<sup>4</sup> GILES	84B	CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow$ hadrons

<sup>4</sup> Radiative corrections reevaluated by BUCHMUELLER 88 following KURAEV 85.

$\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-) \times \Gamma(e^+e^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$	$\Gamma_6\Gamma_{15}/\Gamma$			
VALUE (eV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>18.46±0.27±0.77</b>	6.4K	<sup>5</sup> AUBERT	08BP BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\ell^+\ell^-$
<sup>5</sup> Using $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+e^-) = (2.38 \pm 0.11)\%$ and $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$ .				

 **$\Upsilon(3S)$  PARTIAL WIDTHS**

$\Gamma(e^+e^-)$	$\Gamma_{15}$			
VALUE (keV)	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<b>0.443±0.008 OUR EVALUATION</b>				

## $\Upsilon(3S)$ BRANCHING RATIOS

### $\Gamma(\Upsilon(2S)\text{anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_1/\Gamma$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.106 ±0.008 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
0.1023±0.0105	4625	6,7,8 BUTLER	94B CLE2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \ell^+ \ell^- X$
0.111 ±0.012	4891	7,8,9 BROCK	91 CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- X, \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$

<sup>6</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S) \gamma\gamma) = (0.038 \pm 0.007)\%$ , and  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S) \pi^0 \pi^0) = (1/2)B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S) \pi^+ \pi^-)$ .

<sup>7</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.06)\%$ . With the assumption of  $e\mu$  universality.

<sup>8</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S) \pi^+ \pi^-) = (18.5 \pm 0.8)\%$ .

<sup>9</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (1.31 \pm 0.21)\%$ ,  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S) \gamma\gamma) \times 2B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (0.188 \pm 0.035)\%$ , and  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S) \pi^0 \pi^0) \times 2B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (0.436 \pm 0.056)\%$ . With the assumption of  $e\mu$  universality.

### $\Gamma(\Upsilon(2S)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ $\Gamma_2/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>2.82±0.18 OUR AVERAGE</b> Error includes scale factor of 1.6. See the ideogram below.				
3.00±0.02±0.14	543k	LEES	11C BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- X$
2.40±0.10±0.26	800	<sup>10</sup> AUBERT	08BP BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- e^+ e^-$
3.12±0.49	980	<sup>11,12</sup> BUTLER	94B CLE2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$
2.13±0.38	974	<sup>13</sup> BROCK	91 CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- X, \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

4.82±0.65±0.53      138      <sup>13</sup>WU      93      CUSB       $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$

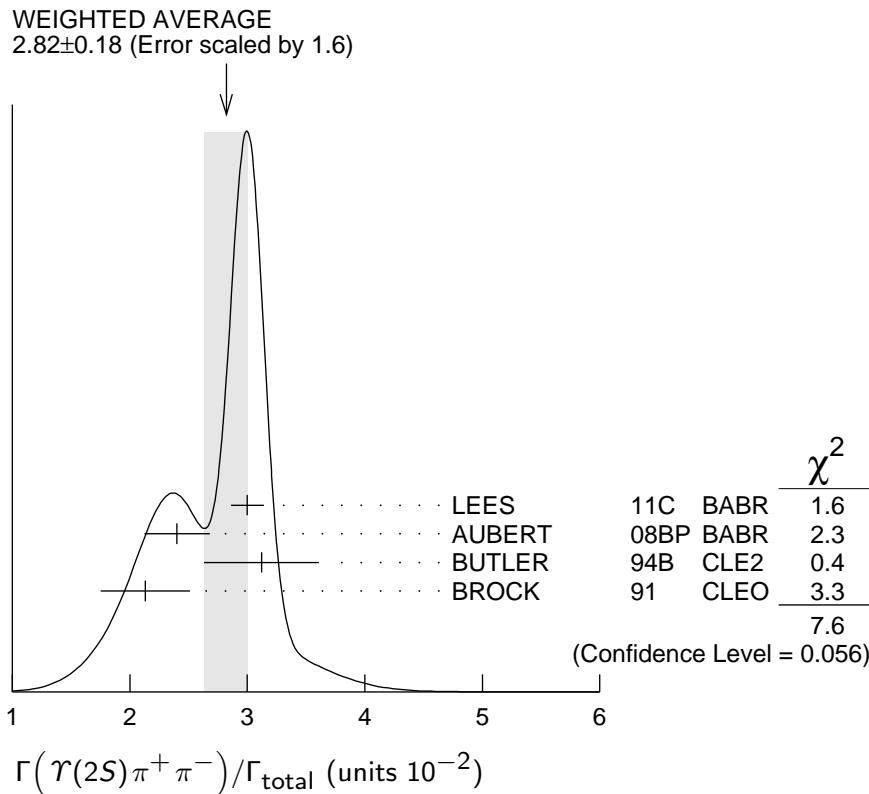
3.1 ±2.0      5      MAGERAS      82      CUSB       $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$

<sup>10</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = (2.38 \pm 0.11)\%$ ,  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$ , and  $\Gamma_{ee}(\Upsilon(3S)) = 0.443 \pm 0.008$  keV.

<sup>11</sup> From the exclusive mode.

<sup>12</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S) \gamma\gamma) = (0.038 \pm 0.007)\%$ , and  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S) \pi^0 \pi^0) = (1/2)B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S) \pi^+ \pi^-)$ .

<sup>13</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (1.31 \pm 0.21)\%$ ,  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S) \gamma\gamma) \times 2B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (0.188 \pm 0.035)\%$ , and  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \Upsilon(1S) \pi^0 \pi^0) \times 2B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (0.436 \pm 0.056)\%$ . With the assumption of  $e\mu$  universality.



### $\Gamma(\gamma(2S)\pi^0\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_3/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>1.85±0.14 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
1.82±0.09±0.12	4391	<sup>14</sup> BHARI	09	CLEO $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\ell^+\ell^-$
2.16±0.39		<sup>15,16</sup> BUTLER	94B	CLE2 $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\ell^+\ell^-$
1.7 ± 0.5 ± 0.2	10	<sup>17</sup> HEINTZ	92	CSB2 $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0\ell^+\ell^-$

<sup>14</sup> Authors assume  $B(\gamma(1S) \rightarrow e^+e^-) + B(\gamma(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = 4.06\%$ .

<sup>15</sup>  $B(\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (1.31 \pm 0.21)\%$  and assuming  $e\mu$  universality.

<sup>16</sup> From the exclusive mode.

<sup>17</sup>  $B(\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (1.44 \pm 0.10)\%$  and assuming  $e\mu$  universality. Supersedes HEINTZ 91.

### $\Gamma(\gamma(2S)\gamma\gamma)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_4/\Gamma$

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.0502±0.0069</b>	18 BUTLER	94B	CLE2 $e^+e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^- 2\gamma$

<sup>18</sup> From the exclusive mode.

### $\Gamma(\gamma(2S)\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_5/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>&lt;0.51</b>	90	<sup>19</sup> HE	08A	CLEO $e^+e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\gamma\gamma$

<sup>19</sup> Authors assume  $B(\gamma(2S) \rightarrow e^+e^-) + B(\gamma(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = 4.06\%$ .

$\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_6/\Gamma$ 

Abbreviation MM in the *COMMENT* field below stands for missing mass.

<u>VALUE</u> (units $10^{-2}$ )	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>4.37±0.08 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
4.32±0.07±0.13	90k	20 LEES	11L BABR	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$
4.46±0.01±0.13	190k	21 BHARI	09 CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ MM
4.17±0.06±0.19	6.4K	22 AUBERT	08BP BABR	10.58 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$
4.52±0.35	11830	23 BUTLER	94B CLE2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- X, \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$
4.46±0.34±0.50	451	23 WU	93 CUSB	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$
4.46±0.30	11221	23 BROCK	91 CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- X, \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

4.9 ±1.0	22	GREEN	82 CLEO	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$
3.9 ±1.3	26	MAGERAS	82 CUSB	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$
20 Using $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = (2.38 \pm 0.11)\%$ and $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$ .				

21 A weighted average of the inclusive and exclusive results.

22 Using  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = (1.91 \pm 0.16)\%$ ,  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (1.93 \pm 0.17)\%$ , and  $\Gamma_{ee}(\Upsilon(3S)) = 0.443 \pm 0.008$  keV.

23 Using  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.06)\%$ . With the assumption of  $e\mu$  universality.

 $\Gamma(\Upsilon(2S)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)$   $\Gamma_2/\Gamma_6$ 

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
0.577±0.026±0.060	800	24 AUBERT	08BP BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma \pi^+ \pi^- \ell^+ \ell^-$
24 Using $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = (2.38 \pm 0.11)\%$ , $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$ , $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) = (1.91 \pm 0.16)\%$ , and $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (1.93 \pm 0.17)\%$ . Not independent of other values reported by AUBERT 08BP.				

 $\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^0\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$   $\Gamma_7/\Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE</u> (units $10^{-2}$ )	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>2.20±0.13 OUR AVERAGE</b>				
2.24±0.09±0.11	6584	25 BHARI	09 CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \ell^+ \ell^-$
1.99±0.34	56	26 BUTLER	94B CLE2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \ell^+ \ell^-$
2.2 ±0.4 ±0.3	33	27 HEINTZ	92 CSB2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 \ell^+ \ell^-$

25 Authors assume  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+ e^-) + B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = 4.96\%$ .

26 Using  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.06)\%$  and assuming  $e\mu$  universality.

27 Using  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.57 \pm 0.07)\%$  and assuming  $e\mu$  universality. Supersedes HEINTZ 91.

 $\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^0\pi^0)/\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)$   $\Gamma_7/\Gamma_6$ 

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •			
0.501±0.043	28 BHARI	09 CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Upsilon(3S)$
28 Not independent of other values reported by BHARI 09.			

$\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\eta)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_8/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.1	90	29 LEES	11L BABR	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow (\pi^+\pi^-)(\gamma\gamma)\ell^+\ell^-$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
<0.8	90	29,30 AUBERT	08BP BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\ell^+\ell^-$
<0.18	90	31 HE	08A CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\eta$
<2.2	90	BROCK	91 CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\eta$

<sup>29</sup> Using  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+e^-) = (2.38 \pm 0.11)\%$ ,  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$ .<sup>30</sup> Using  $\Gamma_{ee}(\Upsilon(3S)) = 0.443 \pm 0.008$  keV.<sup>31</sup> Authors assume  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+e^-) + B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = 4.96\%$ . $\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\eta)/\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^+\pi^-)$  $\Gamma_8/\Gamma_6$ 

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.23	90	32 LEES	11L BABR	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow (\pi^+\pi^-)(\gamma\gamma)\ell^+\ell^-$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
<1.9	90	33 AUBERT	08BP BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\pi^+\pi^-(\pi^0)\ell^+\ell^-$

<sup>32</sup> Not independent of other values reported by LEES 11L.<sup>33</sup> Not independent of other values reported by AUBERT 08BP. $\Gamma(\Upsilon(1S)\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_9/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<0.07	90	34 HE	08A CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-\gamma\gamma$
<sup>34</sup> Authors assume $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow e^+e^-) + B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = 4.96\%$ .				

 $\Gamma(h_b(1P)\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{10}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$< 1.2 \times 10^{-3}$	90	35 GE	11 CLEO	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \pi^0$ anything
<sup>35</sup> Assuming $M(h_b(1P)) = 9900$ MeV and $\Gamma(h_b(1P)) = 0$ MeV, and allowing $B(h_b(1P) \rightarrow \gamma\eta_b(1S))$ to vary from 0–100%.				

 $\Gamma(h_b(1P)\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\eta_b(1S)\pi^0)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{11}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (units $10^{-4}$ )	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$4.3 \pm 1.1 \pm 0.9$	LEES	11K BABR	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \eta_b\gamma\pi^0$

 $\Gamma(h_b(1P)\pi^+\pi^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{12}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (units $10^{-4}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
< 1.2	90	36 LEES	11C BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-X$
$\bullet \bullet \bullet$ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet \bullet \bullet$				
<18		36 BUTLER	94B CLE2	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-X$
<15		36 BROCK	91 CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-X$

<sup>36</sup> For  $M(h_b(1P)) = 9900$  MeV.

$\Gamma(\tau^+\tau^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{13}/\Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE (units <math>10^{-2}</math>)</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>2.29±0.21±0.22</b>	15k	37 BESSON	07 CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma(3S) \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$

<sup>37</sup> BESSON 07 reports  $[\Gamma(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] / [B(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-)] = 1.05 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.05$  which we multiply by our best value  $B(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = (2.18 \pm 0.21) \times 10^{-2}$ . Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

 $\Gamma(\tau^+\tau^-)/\Gamma(\mu^+\mu^-)$  $\Gamma_{13}/\Gamma_{14}$ 

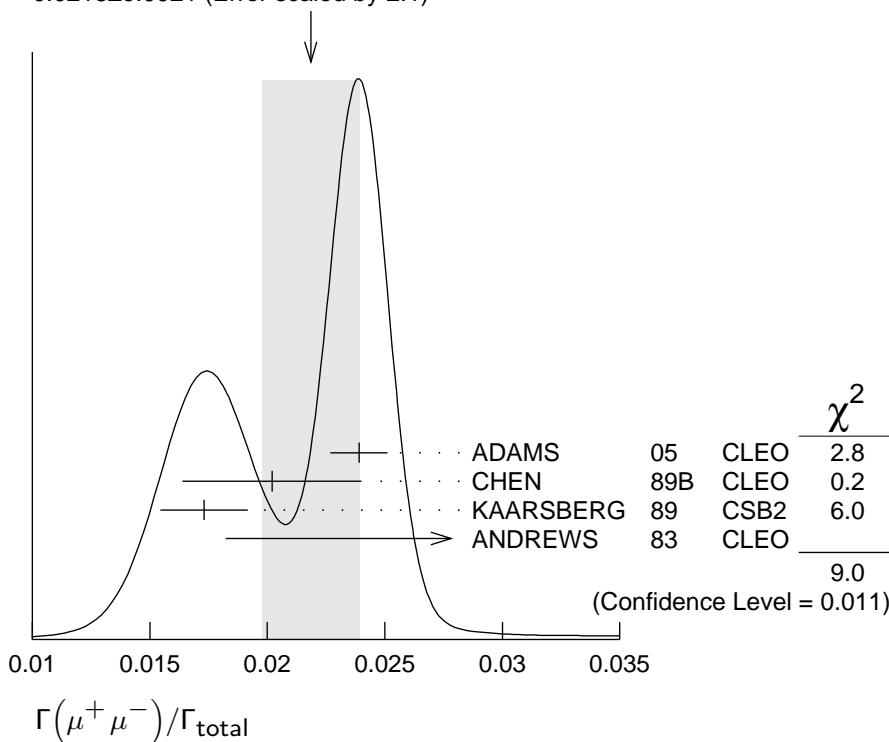
<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>1.05±0.08±0.05</b>	15k	BESSON	07 CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma(3S)$

 $\Gamma(\mu^+\mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{14}/\Gamma$ 

<u>VALUE</u>	<u>EVTS</u>	<u>DOCUMENT ID</u>	<u>TECN</u>	<u>COMMENT</u>
<b>0.0218±0.0021 OUR AVERAGE</b>				Error includes scale factor of 2.1. See the ideogram below.
0.0239±0.0007±0.0010	81k	ADAMS	05 CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$
0.0202±0.0019±0.0033		CHEN	89B CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$
0.0173±0.0015±0.0011		KAARSBERG	89 CSB2	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$
0.033 ± 0.013 ± 0.007	1096	ANDREWS	83 CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$

WEIGHTED AVERAGE

0.0218±0.0021 (Error scaled by 2.1)



$\Gamma(ggg)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{17}/\Gamma$ 

<i>VALUE</i> (units $10^{-2}$ )	<i>EVTS</i>	<i>DOCUMENT ID</i>	<i>TECN</i>	<i>COMMENT</i>
<b><math>35.7 \pm 2.6</math></b>	3M	38 BESSON	06A CLEO	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \text{hadrons}$

<sup>38</sup> Calculated using BESSON 06A value of  $\Gamma(\gamma gg)/\Gamma(ggg) = (2.72 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.32 \pm 0.37)\%$  and the PDG 08 values of  $B(\Upsilon(2S) + \text{anything}) = (10.6 \pm 0.8)\%$ ,  $B(\pi^+ \pi^- \Upsilon(1S)) = (4.40 \pm 0.10)\%$ ,  $B(\pi^0 \pi^0 \Upsilon(1S)) = (2.20 \pm 0.13)\%$ ,  $B(\gamma \chi b_2(2P)) = (13.1 \pm 1.6)\%$ ,  $B(\gamma \chi b_1(2P)) = (12.6 \pm 1.2)\%$ ,  $B(\gamma \chi b_0(2P)) = (5.9 \pm 0.6)\%$ ,  $B(\gamma \chi b_0(1P)) = (0.30 \pm 0.11)\%$ ,  $B(\mu^+ \mu^-) = (2.18 \pm 0.21)\%$ , and  $R_{\text{hadrons}} = 3.51$ . The statistical error is negligible and the systematic error is partially correlated with  $\Gamma(\gamma gg)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  BESSON 06A value.

 $\Gamma(\gamma gg)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{18}/\Gamma$ 

<i>VALUE</i> (units $10^{-2}$ )	<i>EVTS</i>	<i>DOCUMENT ID</i>	<i>TECN</i>	<i>COMMENT</i>
<b><math>0.97 \pm 0.18</math></b>	60k	39 BESSON	06A CLEO	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma + \text{hadrons}$

<sup>39</sup> Calculated using BESSON 06A values of  $\Gamma(\gamma gg)/\Gamma(ggg) = (2.72 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.32 \pm 0.37)\%$  and  $\Gamma(ggg)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ . The statistical error is negligible and the systematic error is partially correlated with  $\Gamma(ggg)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  BESSON 06A value.

 $\Gamma(\gamma gg)/\Gamma(ggg)$  $\Gamma_{18}/\Gamma_{17}$ 

<i>VALUE</i> (units $10^{-2}$ )	<i>EVTS</i>	<i>DOCUMENT ID</i>	<i>TECN</i>	<i>COMMENT</i>
<b><math>2.72 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.49</math></b>	3M	BESSON	06A CLEO	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow (\gamma +) \text{hadrons}$

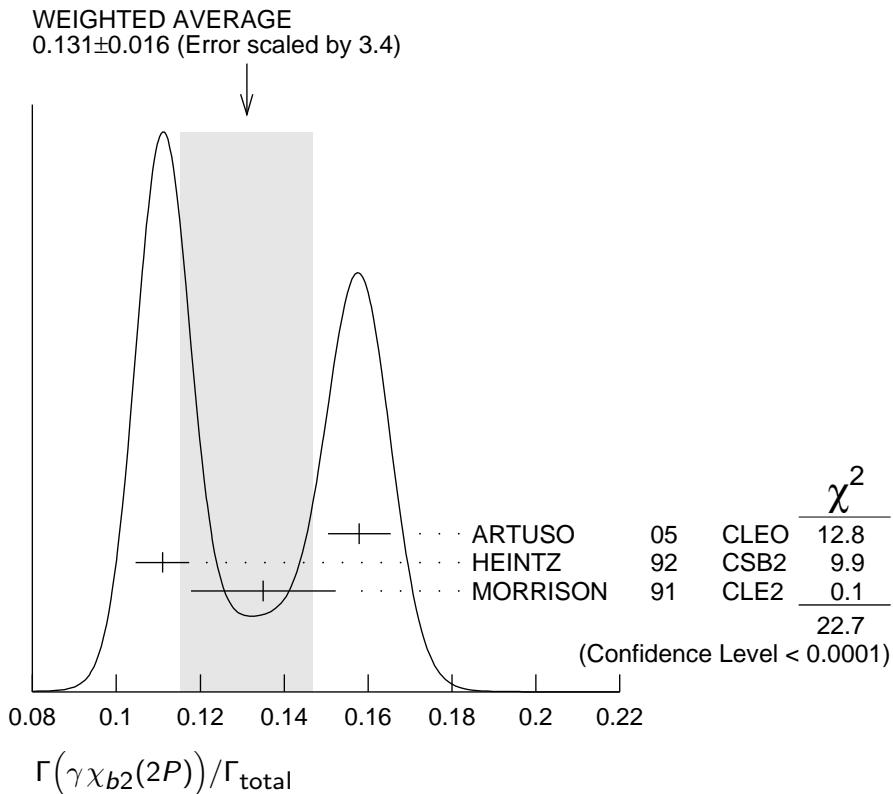
 $\Gamma(\overline{2}H \text{ anything})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{19}/\Gamma$ 

<i>VALUE</i> (units $10^{-5}$ )	<i>DOCUMENT ID</i>	<i>TECN</i>	<i>COMMENT</i>
<b><math>2.33 \pm 0.15^{+0.31}_{-0.28}</math></b>	LEES	14G BABR	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \overline{2}H X$

 $\Gamma(\gamma \chi b_2(2P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{20}/\Gamma$ 

<i>VALUE</i>	<i>EVTS</i>	<i>DOCUMENT ID</i>	<i>TECN</i>	<i>COMMENT</i>
<b><math>0.131 \pm 0.016</math> OUR AVERAGE</b>		Error includes scale factor of 3.4. See the ideogram below.		
0.1579 $\pm 0.0017 \pm 0.0073$	568k	ARTUSO	05 CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
0.111 $\pm 0.005 \pm 0.004$	10319	<sup>40</sup> HEINTZ	92 CSB2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
0.135 $\pm 0.003 \pm 0.017$	30741	MORRISON	91 CLE2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

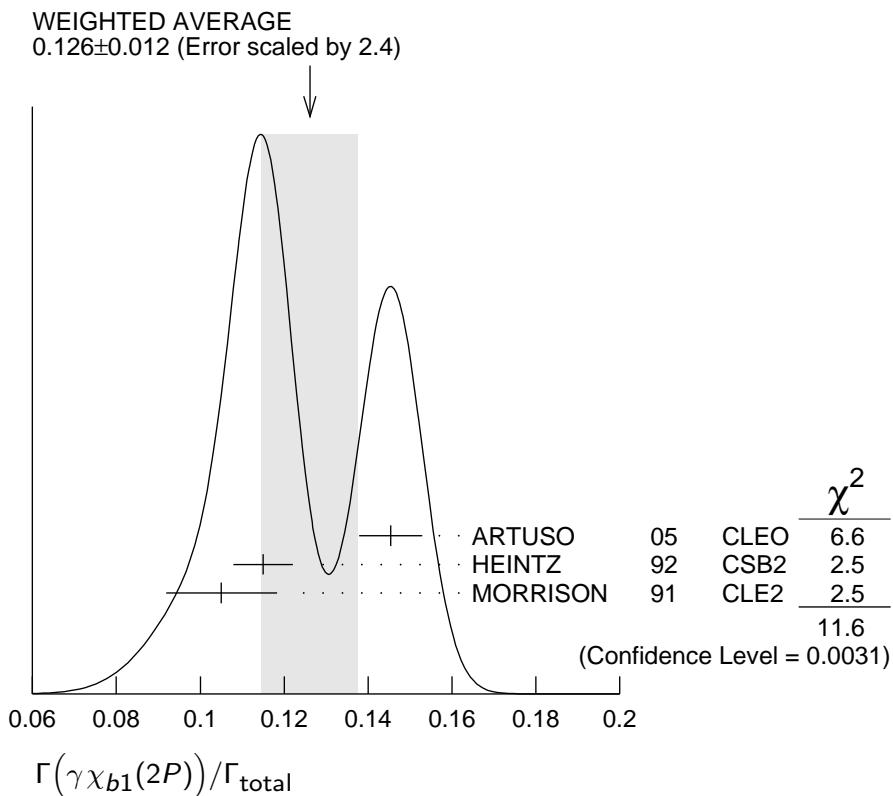
<sup>40</sup> Supersedes NARAIN 91.



### $\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b1}(2P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

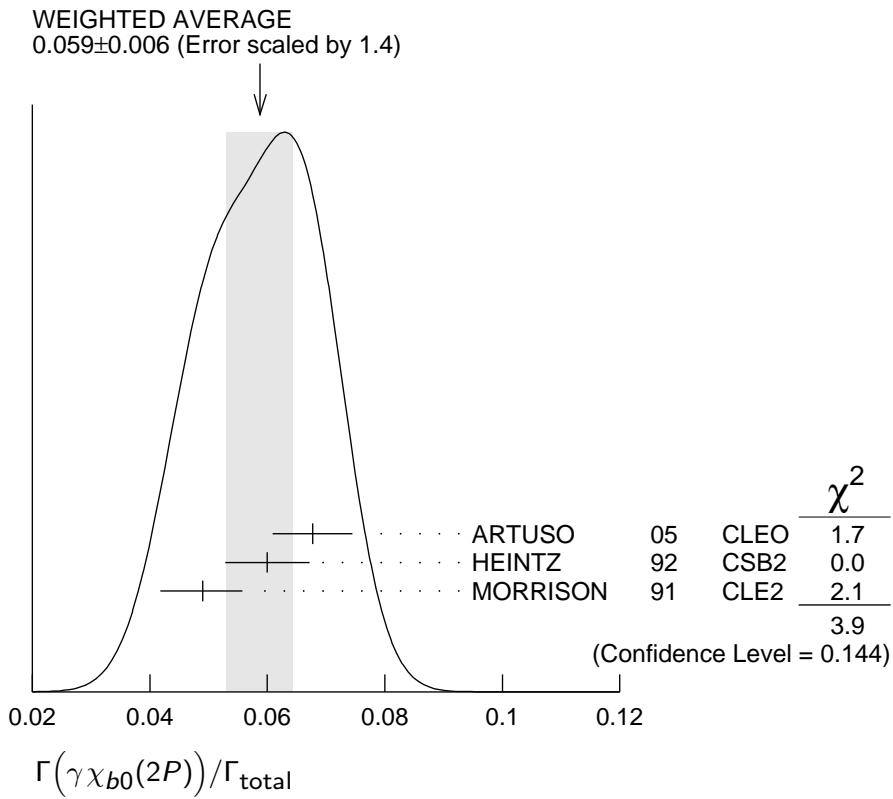
VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	$\Gamma_{21}/\Gamma$
<b>0.126 ±0.012 OUR AVERAGE</b>	537k	ARTUSO	05	CLEO $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$	
0.1454±0.0018±0.0073	11147	41 HEINTZ	92	CSB2 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$	
0.115 ±0.005 ±0.005	25759	MORRISON	91	CLE2 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$	
0.105 +0.003 -0.002 ±0.013					

<sup>41</sup> Supersedes NARAIN 91.



$\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b0}(2P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$		$\Gamma_{22}/\Gamma$		
VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>0.059 ±0.006 OUR AVERAGE</b>	Error includes scale factor of 1.4. See the ideogram below.			
0.0677±0.0020±0.0065	225k	ARTUSO	05	CLEO $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
0.060 ±0.004 ±0.006	4959	<sup>42</sup> HEINTZ	92	CSB2 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
0.049 <sup>+0.003</sup> <sub>-0.004</sub> ±0.006	9903	MORRISON	91	CLE2 $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

<sup>42</sup> Supersedes NARAIN 91.



### $\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b2}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

### $\Gamma_{23}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<b>10.0±1.0 OUR AVERAGE</b>			Error includes scale factor of 1.7.		
8.0±1.3±0.4	126	43,44	KORNICER	11	CLEO $e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\ell^+\ell^-$
10.5±0.3 <sup>+0.7</sup> <sub>-0.6</sub>	9.7k	LEES		11J	BABR $\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow X\gamma$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<19	90	45 ASNER	08A	CLEO	$\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma + \text{hadrons}$
seen		46 HEINTZ	92	CSB2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\ell^+\ell^-$

<sup>43</sup> Assuming  $B(\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$ .

<sup>44</sup> KORNICER 11 reports  $[\Gamma(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b2}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\chi_{b2}(1P) \rightarrow \gamma\Upsilon(1S))]$   $= (1.435 \pm 0.162 \pm 0.169) \times 10^{-3}$  which we divide by our best value  $B(\chi_{b2}(1P) \rightarrow \gamma\Upsilon(1S)) = (18.0 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-2}$ . Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.

<sup>45</sup> ASNER 08A reports  $[\Gamma(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b2}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] / [B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b2}(1P))]$   $< 27.1 \times 10^{-2}$  which we multiply by our best value  $B(\Upsilon(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b2}(1P)) = 7.15 \times 10^{-2}$ .

<sup>46</sup> HEINTZ 92, while unable to distinguish between different  $J$  states, measures  $\sum_J B(\Upsilon(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{bJ}) \times B(\chi_{bJ} \rightarrow \gamma\Upsilon(1S)) = (1.7 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$  for  $J = 0, 1, 2$  using inclusive  $\Upsilon(1S)$  decays and  $(1.2^{+0.4}_{-0.3} \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-3}$  for  $J = 1, 2$  using  $\Upsilon(1S) \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$ .

$\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b1}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{24}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (units $10^{-3}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT		
<b>0.9±0.5 OUR AVERAGE</b>			Error includes scale factor of 1.8.				
$1.5 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.1$	50	47,48	KORNICER	11	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\ell^+\ell^-$	
$0.5 \pm 0.3^{+0.2}_{-0.1}$			LEES	11J	BABR	$\gamma(3S) \rightarrow X\gamma$	
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>							
<1.7 seen	90	49	ASNER	08A	CLEO	$\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma + \text{hadrons}$	
		50	HEINTZ	92	CSB2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma\ell^+\ell^-$	

47 Assuming  $B(\gamma(1S) \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-) = (2.48 \pm 0.05)\%$ .48 KORNICER 11 reports  $[\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b1}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] \times [B(\chi_{b1}(1P) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma(1S))] = (5.38 \pm 1.20 \pm 0.95) \times 10^{-4}$  which we divide by our best value  $B(\chi_{b1}(1P) \rightarrow \gamma\gamma(1S)) = (35.2 \pm 2.0) \times 10^{-2}$ . Our first error is their experiment's error and our second error is the systematic error from using our best value.49 ASNER 08A reports  $[\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b1}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] / [B(\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b1}(1P))] < 2.5 \times 10^{-2}$  which we multiply by our best value  $B(\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b1}(1P)) = 6.9 \times 10^{-2}$ .50 HEINTZ 92, while unable to distinguish between different  $J$  states, measures  $\sum_J B(\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{bJ}) \times B(\chi_{bJ} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma(1S)) = (1.7 \pm 0.4 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$  for  $J = 0, 1, 2$  using inclusive  $\gamma(1S)$  decays and  $(1.2^{+0.4}_{-0.3} \pm 0.09) \times 10^{-3}$  for  $J = 1, 2$  using  $\gamma(1S) \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$ . $\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b0}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{25}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (units $10^{-2}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT		
<b>0.27±0.04 OUR AVERAGE</b>							
$0.27 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.02$	2.3k	LEES	11J	BABR	$\gamma(3S) \rightarrow X\gamma$		
$0.30 \pm 0.04 \pm 0.10$	8.7k	ARTUSO	05	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$		
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>							
<0.8 90	51	ASNER	08A	CLEO	$\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma + \text{hadrons}$		

51 ASNER 08A reports  $[\Gamma(\gamma\chi_{b0}(1P))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}] / [B(\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b0}(1P))] < 21.9 \times 10^{-2}$  which we multiply by our best value  $B(\gamma(2S) \rightarrow \gamma\chi_{b0}(1P)) = 3.8 \times 10^{-2}$ . $\Gamma(\gamma\eta_b(2S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{26}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (units $10^{-4}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	
<b>&lt; 6.2</b>	90		ARTUSO	05	CLEO	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$
<b>• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •</b>						
<19 90		LEES	11J	BABR	$\gamma(3S) \rightarrow X\gamma$	

 $\Gamma(\gamma\eta_b(1S))/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$  $\Gamma_{27}/\Gamma$ 

VALUE (units $10^{-4}$ )	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT		
<b>5.1±0.7 OUR AVERAGE</b>							
$7.1 \pm 1.8 \pm 1.3$	2.3 ± 0.5k	52	BONVICINI	10	CLEO	$\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma X$	
$4.8 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.6$	19 ± 3k	52	AUBERT	09AQ	BABR	$\gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma X$	

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<8.5	90	LEES	11J	BABR	$\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow X\gamma$
$4.8 \pm 0.5 \pm 1.2$	$19 \pm 3k$	52,53 AUBERT	08V	BABR	$\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma X$
<4.3	90	54 ARTUSO	05	CLEO	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

52 Assuming  $\Gamma_{\eta_b}(1S) = 10$  MeV.

53 Systematic error re-evaluated by AUBERT 09AQ.

54 Superseded by BONVICINI 10.

### $\Gamma(\gamma A^0 \rightarrow \gamma \text{hadrons})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ (0.3 GeV < $m_{A^0}$ < 7 GeV)

$\Gamma_{28}/\Gamma$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<8 \times 10^{-5}$	90	55 LEES	11H	BABR $\Gamma(3S) \rightarrow \gamma$ hadrons

55 For a narrow scalar or pseudoscalar  $A^0$ , excluding known resonances, with mass in the range 0.3–7 GeV. Measured 90% CL limits as a function of  $m_{A^0}$  range from  $1 \times 10^{-6}$  to  $8 \times 10^{-5}$ .

### $\Gamma(\gamma X \rightarrow \gamma + \geq 4 \text{ prongs})/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$ (1.5 GeV < $m_X$ < 5.0 GeV)

$\Gamma_{29}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-4}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<2.2	95	ROSNER	07A	CLEO $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma X$

### $\Gamma(\gamma a_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma \mu^+ \mu^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{30}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-6}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<5.5	90	56 AUBERT	09Z	BABR $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma a_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma \mu^+ \mu^-$

56 For a narrow scalar or pseudoscalar  $a_1^0$  with mass in the range 212–9300 MeV, excluding  $J/\psi$  and  $\psi(2S)$ . Measured 90% CL limits as a function of  $m_{a_1^0}$  range from  $0.27\text{--}5.5 \times 10^{-6}$ .

### $\Gamma(\gamma a_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma \tau^+ \tau^-)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{31}/\Gamma$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
$<1.6 \times 10^{-4}$	90	57 AUBERT	09P	BABR $e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma a_1^0 \rightarrow \gamma \tau^+ \tau^-$

57 For a narrow scalar or pseudoscalar  $a_1^0$  with  $M(\tau^+ \tau^-)$  in the ranges 4.03–9.52 and 9.61–10.10 GeV. Measured 90% CL limits as a function of  $M(\tau^+ \tau^-)$  range from  $1.5\text{--}16 \times 10^{-5}$ .

## — LEPTON FAMILY NUMBER (*LF*) VIOLATING MODES —

### $\Gamma(e^\pm \tau^\mp)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{32}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-6}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<4.2	90	LEES	10B	BABR $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^\pm \tau^\mp$

### $\Gamma(\mu^\pm \tau^\mp)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$

$\Gamma_{33}/\Gamma$

VALUE (units $10^{-6}$ )	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
< 3.1	90	LEES	10B	BABR $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^\pm \tau^\mp$

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<20.3	95	LOVE	08A	CLEO $e^+e^- \rightarrow \mu^\pm \tau^\mp$
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